### NORMAN HANSON & ASSOCIATES Consulting Civil Engineers 105 Berry Drive Madera, California 93637 (209) 674-2297

Bomanite Corporation 3765 N. Goldenrod Ave. Kerman, CA 93630

Attention: Vaughan Chamness Jr.

Chief Engineer

RE: STRUCTURAL LOAD TEST, GRASSCRETE,

REUSABLE FORMER SYSTEM

On September 4, 1986, a loading test was performed on the test section of Grasscrete that was constructed at Roeding Park, Fresno, California, on July 15, 1986. A City of Fresno Grumman ladder truck, Grumman Model No. 4310-84, Serial No. 1091L43F4D1008313, with a G.V.W. of 66,000 pounds, a GAWR Front 20,000 pounds and a GAWR Rear 46,000 pounds. Objective of test was to determine if Grasscrete as constructed on this site provided suitable support for a deployment of this heavy equipment under worst case conditions. These conditions were stipulated by Grumman Corporation and included extending the ladder 100 feet in the horizontal 90° to the longitudinal axis of the truck with 800 pounds in the basket, and the truck fully elevated off the ground by the outriggers.

The deflection of the concrete was measured with a dial indicator. The results measured by B.S.K. & Associates, the Geotechnical Consultants showed the maximum deflection observed was 0.065 inches with the soil saturated.

The complete report by Norman Hanson & Associates and B.S.K. & Associates is available on request.

NORMAN A. HANSON, RE 15341

President & Chief Engineer

### GRASSCRETE PERFORMANCE TESTS

### NORMAN HANSON & ASSOCIATES

CONDUCTED BY:

Consulting Civil Engineers 105 Berry Drive Madera, California 93637 (209) 674-2297

CONDUCTED FOR:

BOMANITE CORPORATION 81 Encina Avenue Palo Alto, CA 94301

APPROVED

Norman A. Hanson, RE 15341 President & Chief Engineer

Date: September 29, 1986

### INTRODUCTION

BOMANITE CORPORATION has a product called GRASSCRETE. It is a monolithic slab of concrete five and a half inches thick. A uniform pattern of holes are achieved in the concrete with the use of a specific form placed on the prepared base prior to the pour.

When completed the holes are filled with dirt or sand and grass is often planted in the holes. The result is an attractive surface capable of carrying heavy vehicular loads at slow speeds.

The firm of NORMAN A. HANSON & ASSOCIATES monitored the entire process and retained the firm of B.S.K. & ASSOCIATES to take appropriate samples and measurements to determine the results contained in the attached report.

The test is to evaluate a recent improvement in the formers used to create GRASSCRETE as described in BOMANITE CORPORATIONS'S bulletin #504 GRASSCRETE. BOMANITE CORPORATION'S specification bulletin #505 was used to determine the concrete mix. This new system allows the formers to be reused, reducing the cost of the installation. The formers used up to this time were consumed in the casting process. The new system is sufficiently different to require retesting.

Load bearing properties need to be established for various private and public agencies that utilize GRASSCRETE. The vehicles having the highest concentrated load are the outriggers of fire fighting ladder trucks.

The Grumman Corporation of Roanoke, Virginia, informed us that one of those trucks is owned by the Fresno Fire Department. The tests were conducted at Roeding Park in Fresno, California.

### TEST RESULTS

Three separate tests were conducted on a GRASSCRETE test sample twenty five feet by thirty seven feet. The outriggers were placed in the center of each test pad, see Figure A. for details of the test pad. The outriggers were deployed for maximum loading conditions as stated in "Test Methods".

None of the three test areas failed. Failure was defined as deflection without the appropriate rebound. See attached Lab Report by B.S.K. & ASSOCIATES.

Following the tests, we excavated around each of the above test areas and observed no visible evidence of structural degradation as a result of the tests. There were no visible cracks in the concrete as the result of the tests.

### TEST METHOD

A GRASSCETE test pavement twenty five feet by thirty seven feet was placed with two sub-grade conditions. One section had one inch of sand over native soil. The other had the native soil, five inches of class 2 aggregate base and one inch of sand below the GRASSCRETE.

The analysis of the soil shows a Hanford series with some coarser aggregates than are normally found. See B.S.K. & ASSOCIATES report.

The concrete was a mix of Portland cement conforming to ASTM-C-150 type II. Aggregate used conformed to ASTM-C-33 and were minus 3/8 inch.

The GRASSCRETE openings were filled with dirt then sod placed on top. Following a 30 day cure, a Grumman Model No. 9310-84 ladder truck was brought to the test site.

The park sprinkler system was operated for 5 days prior to the test to fully saturate the ground at the test site. Soil moisture was measured to assure saturation below the level of the base of the GRASSCRETE.

The truck was positioned so the outriggers carrying the stated load could be placed over the load center. The hydraulic system on the truck was operated to lift the truck completely off the ground by the outriggers. See Figure B for elevation of the ladder truck. The truck was left in that position for ten minutes. At the end of the ten minutes the deflection was measured, see B.S.K. & ASSOCIATES report.

### REINFORCEMENT

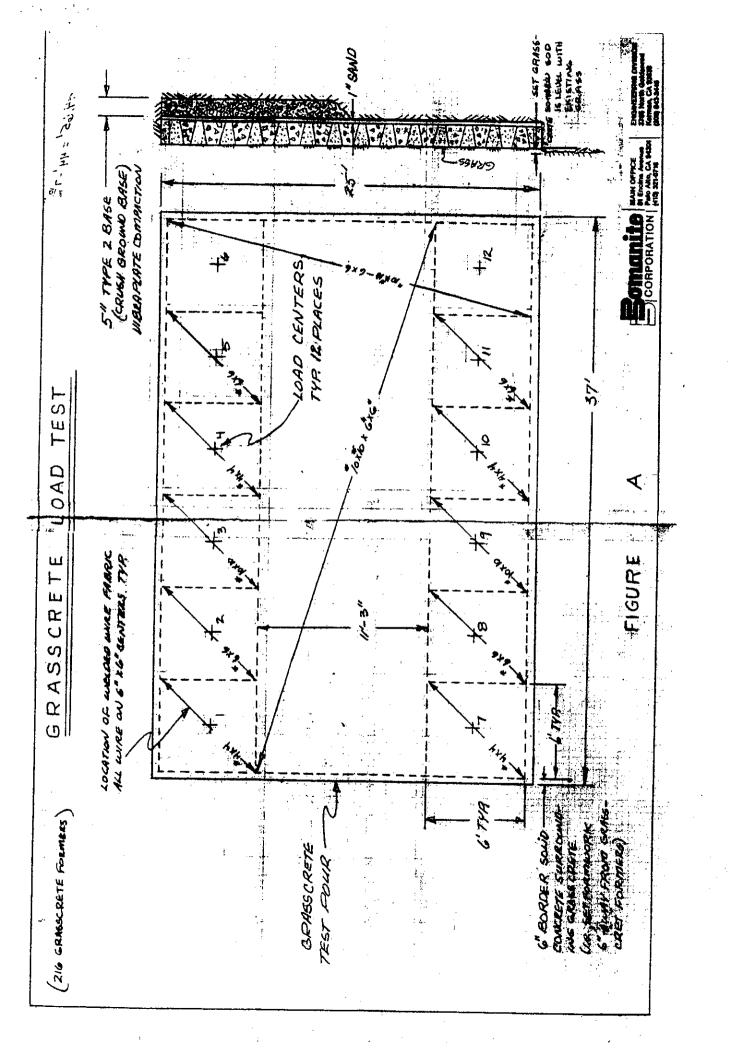
Figure A displays the reinforcing Schedule for each of the test load centers. The mesh used was 6" x 6"-#10 x 10, 6" x 6"-#6x6, and 6" x 6 "-#4x4. All mesh ends were overlapped at least 12 inches. The steel was chaired off subgrade two inches.

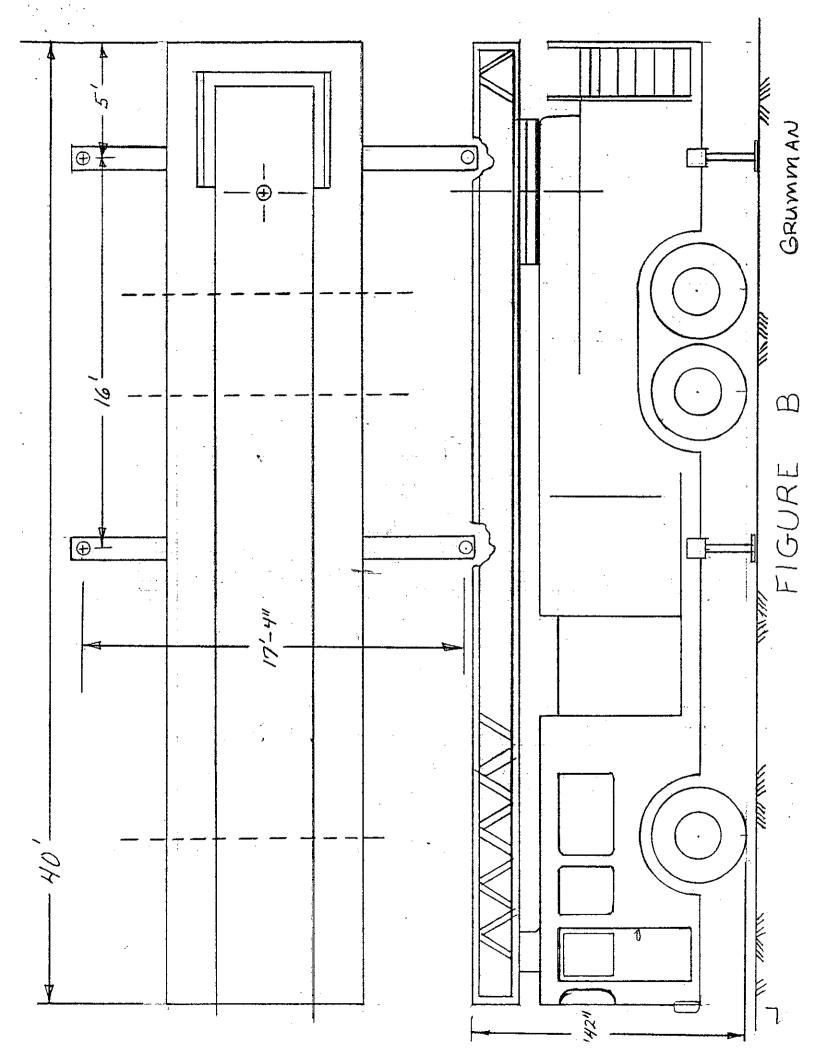
### TEST APPARATUS

The load vehicle used is a Grumman Model #4310-84 ladder truck. It is serial No. 1090L43F4D1008313. It has a gross weight of 66,000 pounds. 20,000 pounds is on the front axle. 46,000 pounds are shared by the rear axles. The ladder when fully extended reaches 100 feet. With the outriggers in use, the entire weight of the truck is carried by the outriggers, see Figure B.

The test was conducted deploying the ladder the full 100 feet in a horizontal position 90° to the axis of the truck with 800 pounds in the basket. This (per the attached) letter from the Grumman Corporation states 218,800 pounds force is transmitted over an area two feet by two feet, see B.S.K. & ASSOCIATES report.

The letter states that the outrigger load is 218,800 pounds with 1,000 pounds in the basket. The fire captain felt this load was excessive for the equipment and wanted the load limited to 800 pounds. Eight hundred pounds results in an outrigger load of 208,700 pounds.





### Grumman Emergency Products, Inc.

1723 Seibel Drive, NE, Roanoke, Virginia 24012

A Subsidiary of Grumman Allied Industries, Inc.
703-982-6666

August 26, 1986

Mr. Vaughan Chamness Solarpave Division Bomanite Corporation 3765 North Goldenrod Ave. Kerman, CA 93630

Dear Sir:

I have researched your question as to what is the greatest vertical load that is exerted through the outriggers of a 102 ft. Aerialcat and have found this to be 380 PSI. This is for a 2 ft. by 2 ft. area. The following conditions would apply:

- The ladder would be fully extended.
- It would be rotated 90 degrees to the central axis of the vehicle.
- It would have a 1000 lb. basket load.

If I can be of any further assistance, please call.

Sincerely,

Herbert J. Scull

Director of Engineering

HJS/lsj

Wesley J. Braun, CE Robert D. Skaggs, CE Hugo Kevorkian, CE

John R. Hedley, CE John B. Moore, CE John M. Minney, CE

James G. Sutton, CE Alex Y. Eskandari, CE John H. Kirk CEC Thomas E. Vahlstrom, Ch

September 22, 1986

OUR JOB 86234

Bomanite Corporation 3765 N. Goldenrod Avenue Kerman, CA 93630 Attn: Vaughan Chamness Jr.

SUBJECT: Grasscrete Test Section

Roeding Park Fresno, California

### Gentlemen:

At your request, we have made observations and performed tests on the soil and concrete for the recently constructed test section at Roeding Park.

Soils tests have included Compaction Tests of the subgrade soils, "R" Value of the subgrade soils, and Maximum Density of the subgrade soils.

Concrete tests included the preparation of test cylinders on July 15 and Compression Testing of samples cast on July 14 & 15, 1986. Copies of the Compression Test Results are enclosed.

Tests were also performed on a sample of wire mesh obtained from the job site on July 15, 1986.

On September 4, 1986, a loading test was performed on the test section of Grasscrete. A City of Fresno ladder truck was driven over the grass covered Grasscrete with no visible distress. The outriggers were placed on the Grasscrete and the deflection of the underlying concrete measured with a dial indicator supported by a portable bridge, see enclosed photos.

### Soil Engineering • Engineering Geology • Engineering Laboratories • Chemical Laboratories

<sup>☐</sup> Visalia, California 93278 Bakersfield, California 93304

<sup>☐</sup> Pleasanton, California 94566

The deflection readings are tabulated on an enclosed Summary of Loading Test.

If you have any questions concerning this report or other projects, please feel free to call.

Respectfully submitted,

BSK & Associates

Robert D. Skaggs

RDS:ka

Summary of Test Results Summary of Load Tests "R" Value Enclosures:

Concrete Cylinder Tests Test Location Map

cc: Norm Hanson

### SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS Subgrade Soils, Test Plot

### Field Density & Moisture Tests ASTM D-2937

Test No.	Date	Location	Depth ft.	Moisture १	Compaction &
1	7-14-86	"Enclosed	0.5	6.2	93.5
2	11	Test	0.5	6.2	86.2
3	H	Location	0.5	6.3	83.3
4	11	Map"	0.5	11.1	88.6

### Maximum Density & Optimum Moisture ASTM D-1557

Soil Description:

Silty SAND: fine grained dark olive brown; medium to

Optimum Moisture:

10.28

Maximum Dry Density:

128.0 pcf

"R" Value Determination Calif. Method 304, ASTM D-2844

Resistance Value at 300 psi, Exudation Pressure:

56

(See enclosed "R" Value Data Sheet)



Grasscrete Test Section Roeding Park Fresno, California JOB 96234 September, 1986 Enclosure 2

### SUMMARY OF LOADING TEST

Date of Testing:

September 4, 1986

Personnel Present:

R. D. Skaggs

Northeast Test Panel - Test No. 1 Condition	Total Deflection*	Notes
Fire Truck in Position, Outriggers Up Outriggers Down, Fire Truck off Ground 800 lb. load in basket, 100 ft. out boom rotated 180° Away		= Total Deflection
Northwest Test Panel - Test No. 2	-1	
Fire Truck in Position, Outriggers Up 800 lb. load in basket, 100 ft. out Rebound, ladder Boom to front of Truck Total rebound with Outrigger up	0.000" 0.029" 0.009" 0.061"	
West Side Middle Panel - Test No. 3		
Fire Truck in Position, Outriggers Up 800 lb. load in basket, 100 ft. out Rebound, Ladder parked on Truck, due to Ladder load Total rebound, with Outriggers up	0.000" 0.009" 0.018" 0.065"	

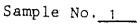
<sup>\*</sup> Deflection measured on concrete adjacent to Outrigger which is out 10 ft. from ¢ of truck.

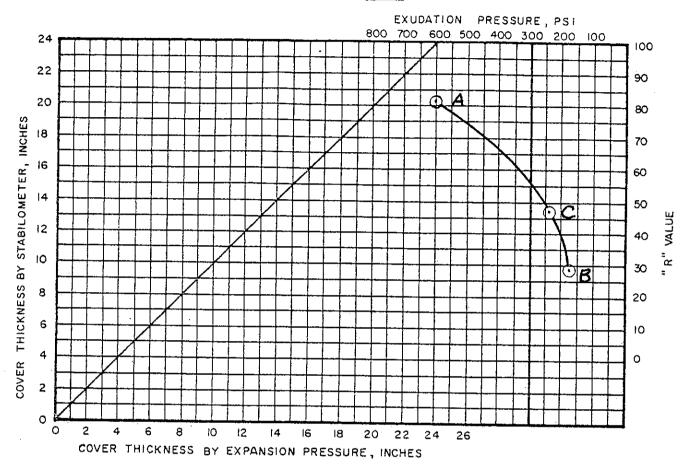
### Moisture Content Under Test Section

Depth, ft.	% Moisture
2.0	8.8
3.0 4.0	8.5

JOB 86234 DATE 7-15-86 Enclosure 3

### RESISTANCE VALUE TEST RESULTS





Sample Description: Silty SAND: dark olive brown; medium to fine

Grasscrete Test Plot, Roeding Park - sampled 7-14-86

		ompica i	
Specimen	A	В	U
Exudation Pressure, psi	605	1.75	239
Expansion Dial (.0001")	0	0	n
Expansion Pressure, psf	0	0	n
Resistance Value, 'R'	82	29	48
% Moisture at Test	11,42	14.16	13.16
Dry Density at Test, pcf	121.1	118.9	119.8
'R" Value at 300 psi, Exudation Pressure		56	

# CONCRETE TEST CYLINDER DATA

## LABORATORY TEST DATA

0t 20 N.

Copies to: Carsten Concrete	L type of Break	10.1	TOTAL LONG	Total load	Date Tested	CYLINGER No.		Dave
n Concrete	Conical	4209	119,000	110 000	7-22-86	C86308-1	/  ×	,
ncrete Cylindrical Specimens)							14	
Specimens)	Conical	5253	148,500	8-12-86		C86308-2	28 ×	
					C 90308-3		HOI D	

Bomanite Corp.

14

	CONCRETE TEST CYLINDER DATA	
ě.	T NO.	C86307
Structure Perforated slab on grade		
Location South 1/2 of test section		
Sampled FromClovis Ready MIX		
Resident Engineer or Architect	Norm Hanson	
Contractor Carsten Concrete		
BILL TO Bomanite Corporation	Address	
Mix Data Mix No. 488		
Specified Strength	Slump	
Date Cast 7-15-86	Date Delivered	7-16-86
Made By Norm Hanson	Delivered By	Jeff Hannel
Number of Cylinders Delivered		
Other Instructions:		

LABORATORY TEST DATA

•	Type of Break	PSI	Total Load	Date Tested	CYLLOGET NO.	Days	
(6" x 12	Conical	3820	108, 000	7-22-86	C86307-1	7 ×	
(6 x 12 Cylindrical Specimens			-			14	THE LEST DATE
al Specimens	Conical	5341	151,000	8-12-86	C86307-2	28 X	DAIA IC
					C86307-3	ногр х	

Copies to: Carsten Concrete Bomanite Corp.

BSK & Associates

O FRESHO, CALIFORNIA 93708 . 1419 STANISLAUS STREET .

O VISALIA, CALIFORNIA 93277 . 3901 SO, MOONEY BLYD., PO, BOX

D BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93304 . 117"Y" ST,

O PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94546 . 1729 G SONOMA DRIVE . 144 STANISLAUS STREET . TELEPHONE (2004) 455-5310
3001 SO, MOONEY BLVD., P.O. BOX 3238 . (2004) 722-8857
. \$179° G SONOMA DRIVE . TELEPHONE (805)-127-0871
. \$179° G SONOMA DRIVE . TELEPHONE (415)482-4000

FORM TIE

BSK & Associates

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